

1:1 IAP - Troll Station

Group 4

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- Daylight Cycle
- Luminous Environment

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- Skylight (ceiling)
- Light as a Spectacle (windows and walls)
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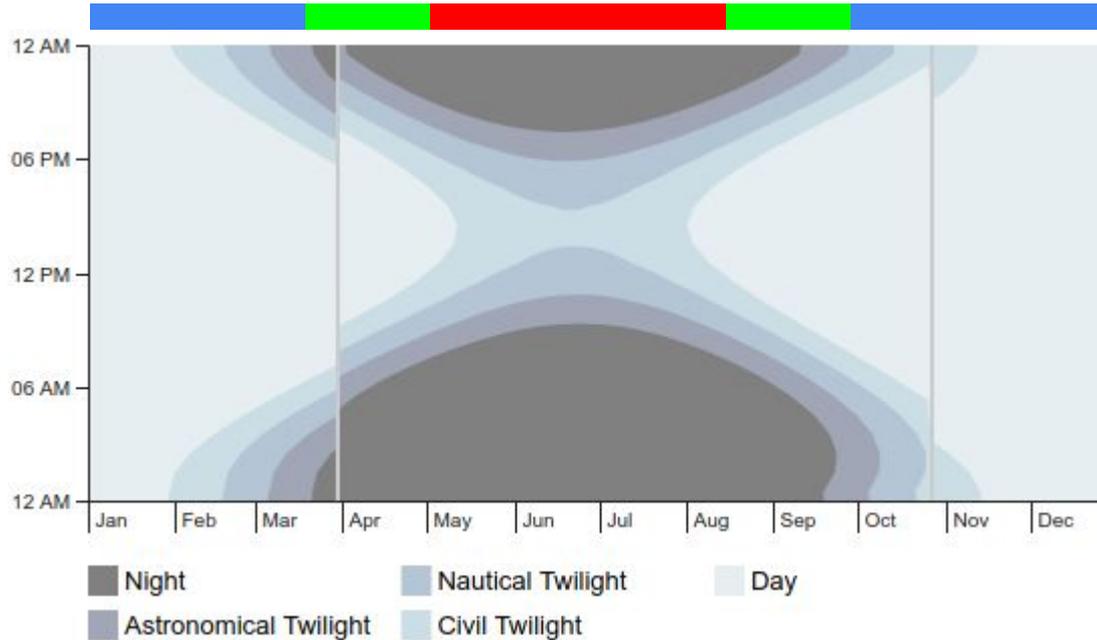
03 Physiological Implication

- Effects on the body
- Lights & 24/7 activities

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- 1 (Anaelle)
- 2 (Sohyun)

01 Nature of Daylight: **Daylight Cycle**



■ **Arctic Summer (Midnight Sun)**
(~ 4 months)

■ **Arctic Winter (Polar Night)**
(~ 4 months)

■ **Transition (Spring+Autumn)**
(~ 4 months)

01 Nature of Daylight: **Luminous Environment**



■ **Arctic Summer (Midnight Sun)**
(~ 4 months)



■ **Arctic Winter (Polar Night)**
(~ 4 months)



■ **Transition (Spring+Autumn)**
(~ 4 months)

01 Nature of Daylight: **Luminous Environment**

Aurora



**Polar Stratospheric
Clouds (PSC)**



Diamond Dust



**Lenticular
Clouds**



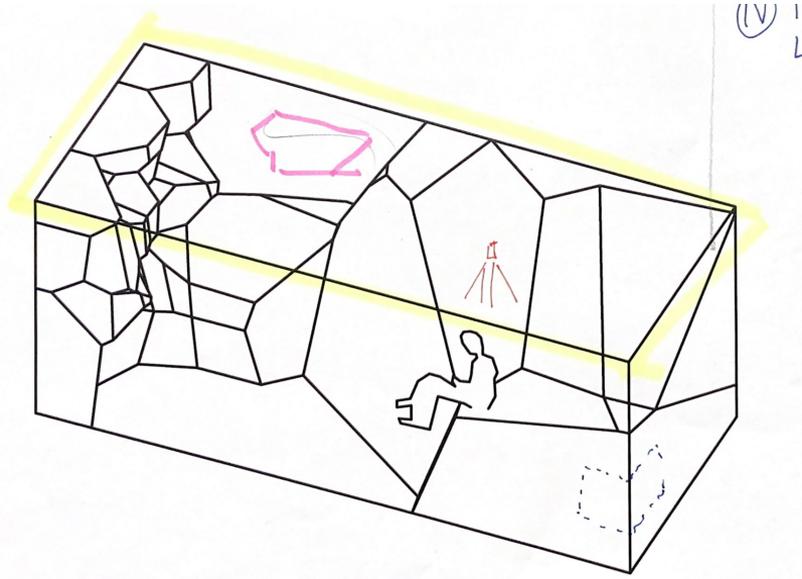
02 Integration of Light

(I) Skylight

(II) Light as Spectacle

(III) Individual Lighting

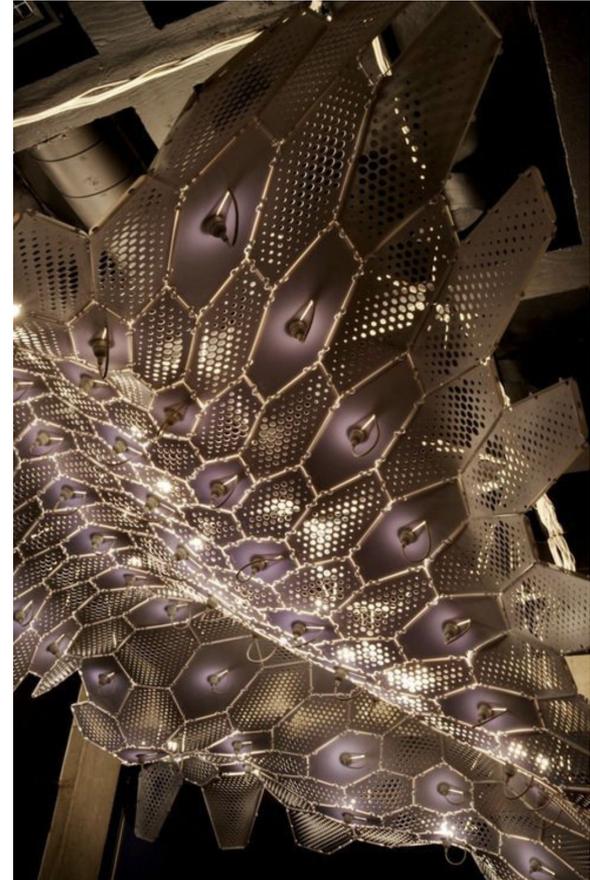
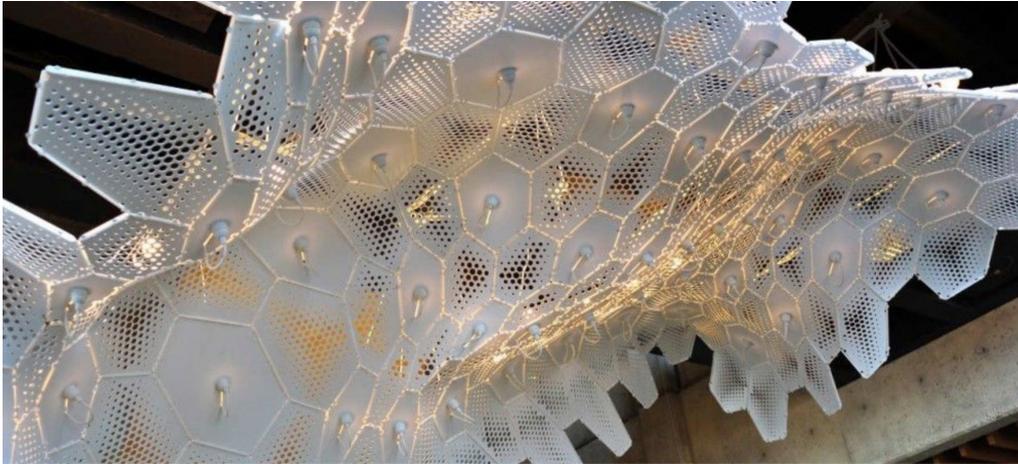
(IV) Light Therapy



02 Integration of light: **Skylight**

(I) Skylight

- + Human Activity Recognition (HAR)
- + Reacting to different temporalities
- + Performative Uses (i.e. Wind blowing through leaves)
- + Hue, brightness and color-temperature
- + Panels integrate Ventilation; fire detection; adaptive lighting; environmental sensors; acoustic absorption



02 Integration of light: **Skylight**

(I) **Skylight**

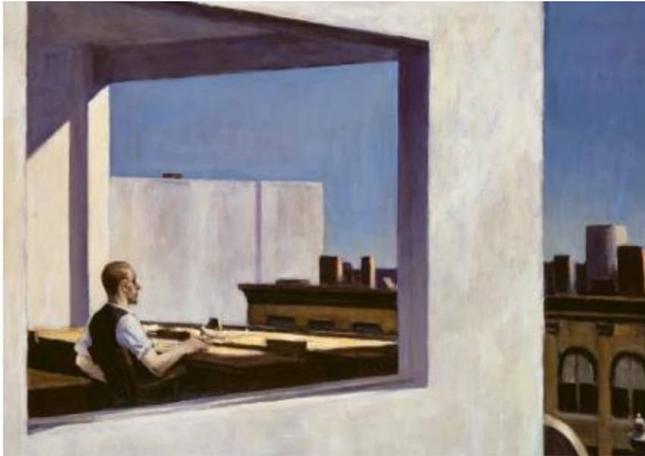
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02 Integration of light: **Light as Spectacle**

(II) Light as Spectacle (Walls, Window)

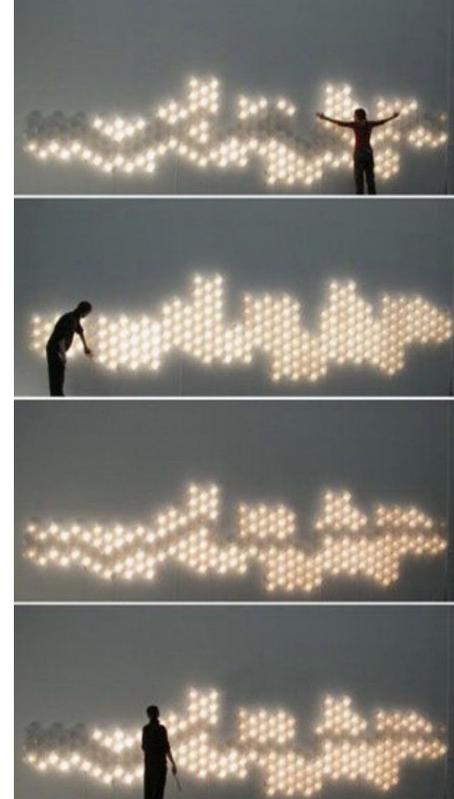
- + Computer Vision (CV) translates outdoor environment into spectacle
- + Reacting to different temporalities
- + **Performative**
- + Cognitive Stimulation and Psychological orientation
- + Shows live from outside



02 Integration of light: **Light as Spectacle**

(II) Light as Spectacle (Walls, Window)

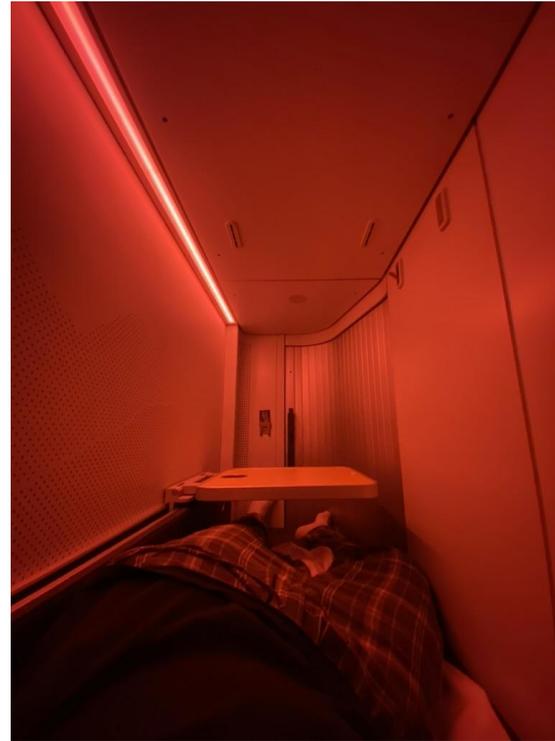
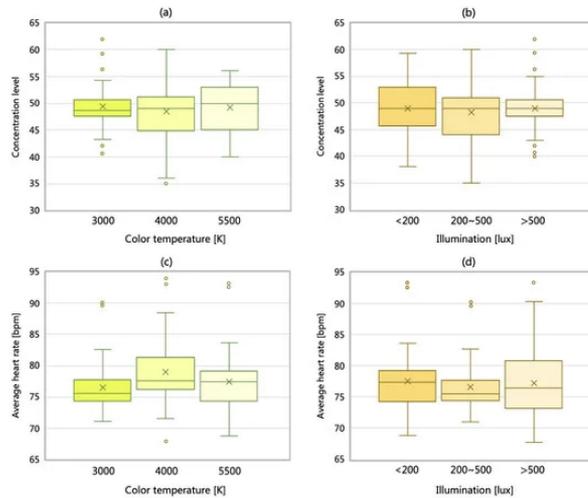
- + Computer Vision (CV) translates outdoor environment into spectacle
- + Reacting to different temporalities
- + Performative
- + **Cognitive Stimulation and Psychological orientation**
- + Shows live from outside



02 Integration of light: Individual Lighting

(III) Individual Lighting

- + Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) and Ventilation Autoregressive (AR)
- + Personalized circadian cycle
- + Personalized atmospheric lighting
- + Personalized Hue and Brightness



02 Integration of light: **Light Therapy**

(IV) Light Therapy

- + Red-light (630–850nm) for recovery + mood
- + 10,000 lux daylight therapy for winter activation
- + adaptive circadian cycle (seasonal sunrise–sunset + summer dimming) (ML) (DL)
- + **AI-controlled lux/CCT via biometric feedback (ML) (DL)**
- + glare-free integrated panels with timed exposure



03 Physiological Implication: Effects on the body

■ Arctic Winter (Polar Night) (~ 4 months)

Melatonin elevation,
depressive symptoms, phase
delay

■ Arctic Summer (Midnight Sun) (~ 4 months)

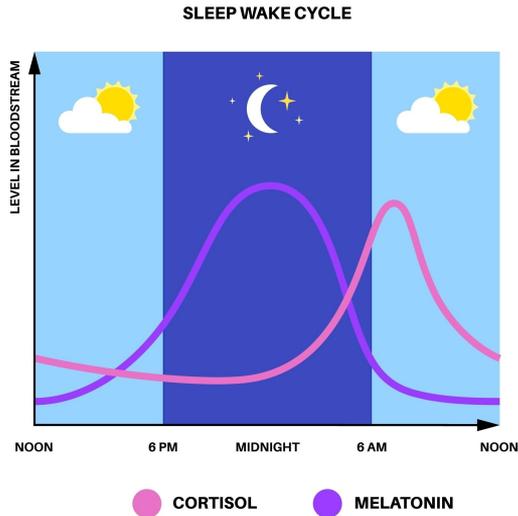
Sleep suppression, circadian
desynchronization

■ Transition (Spring+Autumn) (~ 4 months)

Rhythm instability, adaptation
stress

<i>Period</i>	<i>Approx. Months</i>	<i>Light Duration</i>	<i>Color Temperature</i>	<i>Contrast</i>	<i>Circadian Risk</i>
Winter (Polar Night)	~4 months (mid-May-mid-Aug)	0h direct sun	Cool starlight / deep blue	High night contrast	Melatonin elevation, depressive symptoms, phase delay
Summer (Midnight Sun)	~4 months (mid-Nov-mid-Feb)	24h sun	Cool-white, high UV	Low horizon contrast	Sleep suppression, circadian flattening
Transition (Spring + Autumn)	~4 months total (Mar-Apr + Sep-Oct)	Rapid change (0→24h or 24→0h)	Warm pastel gradients at low sun angle	High chromatic variation	Rhythm instability, adaptation stress

03 Physiological Implication: **Effects on the body**



To rebalance these hormones, especially in Antarctica, we must act on three levels: **Light, Temperature, and Timing.**

Circadian Hygiene Strategies:

- The Morning "Light Shower"
Exposure to cool light (high color temperature, >5000K, 10000 lux) and high intensity for at least 20–30 minutes immediately upon waking. It synchronizes the start of the "16-hour wakefulness" that will eventually trigger melatonin production.
- The "Artificial Sunset"
Two hours before sleep, transition to warm (<2700K) and dimmed lights, eliminating blue frequencies, allowing melatonin levels to rise.
- Stress Management
If cortisol remains high in the evening, due to work stress or intense exercise, melatonin cannot take over. If sensors detect a high heart rate or restless movement in the evening, the system can further dim the lights and shift the palette toward amber tones to induce relaxation.

The hormonal dance between cortisol and melatonin is the true **"biological clock"**

03 Physiological Implication: Lights & 24/7 Activities

Deep Sleep (III)(IV)

0-5 lux - 1800-2200 K; Light must be virtually absent

Wake-up - Light Shower (IV)

5-10.000 lux - >5000 K; Cortisol stimulation

Hygiene (Morning) (III)

300-500 lux - 4000-5000 K; Bright, neutral light for activation

Breakfast (I)(II)

250-400 lux - 3500-4500 K

Light Stretching (III)

200-300 lux - 3500-4000 K

Gear Prep (III)

500-750 lux - 4000-5000 K, High visibility for safety

Deep Focus Work (III)

750-1000 lux - 5000-6500 K, High illuminance improves attention and cognitive performance

Lunch (I)(II)

300-400 lux - 3000-3500 K, warmer to aid post-work relaxation and digestion

General work (III)

500-600 lux - 4000-5000 K, Standard professional lighting

Shower (III)

150-300 lux - 2700-3000 K

Community Dinner (I)(II)

200-350 lux - 2700-300 K; warm atmosphere

Debrief (I)(II)

300 lux - 3000-3500 K

Social Gaming (I)(II)

150-300 lux - 2700-3000 K, soft ambient light

Relax (I)(II)

50-150 lux - 2200-2700 K, Stimuli reduction

Reading (III)

300-500 lux - 2700-3000 K; Direct localized spot

Music (III)

50-200 lux - 2200-2700 K; Sensory, non-functional atmosphere

Storage Access (III)

200-300 lux - 3000-4000 K; functional but not overly activating

Final Hygiene (III)

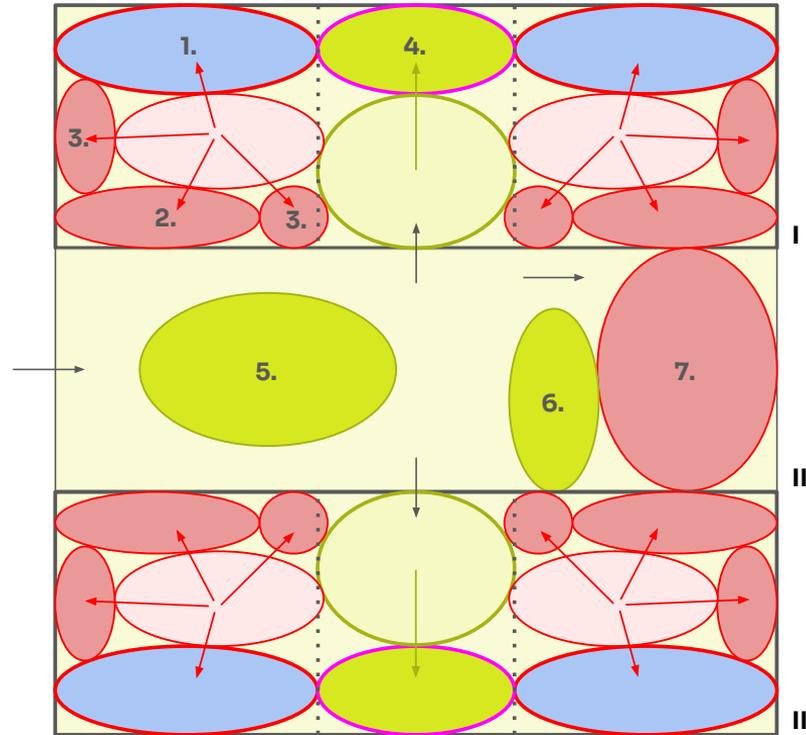
100-200 lux - 2200-2700 K; Ultra-warm

Sleep (III)(IV)

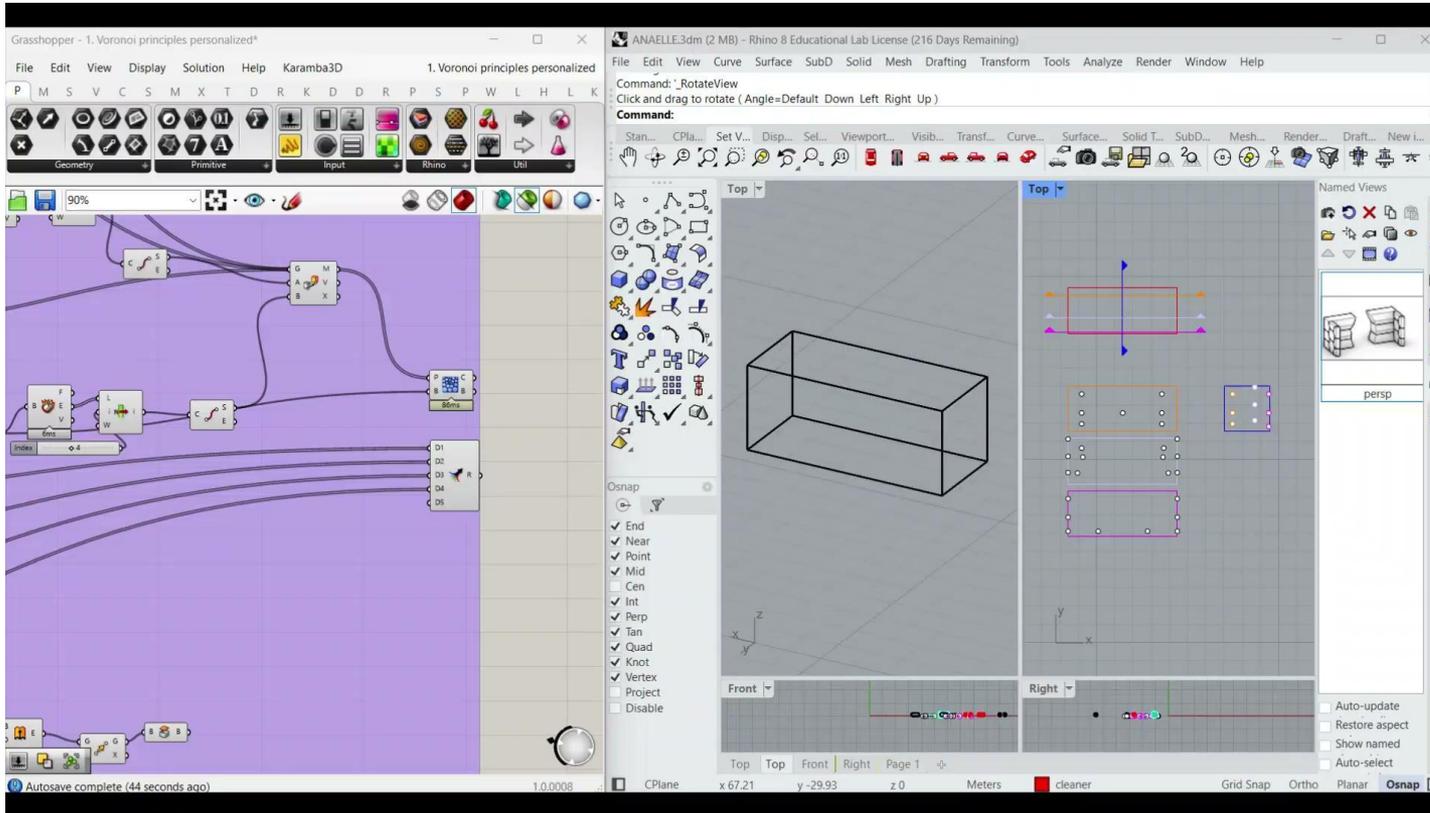
0-5 lux - 1800 K, Total darkness or minimal safety light

03 Physiological Implication: Lights & 24/7 Activities

1. - Deep Sleep
- Wake-up - Light Shower
- Music
- Reading
- Relax
2. - Deep Focus Work
- General Work
- Reading
3. - Personal Storage
4. - Reading
- Music
- Relax (Lounge)
5. - Breakfast
- Lunch
- Dinner
- Debrief
- Socializing
6. - Kitchen
7. - Hygiene
- Shower
- Toilet



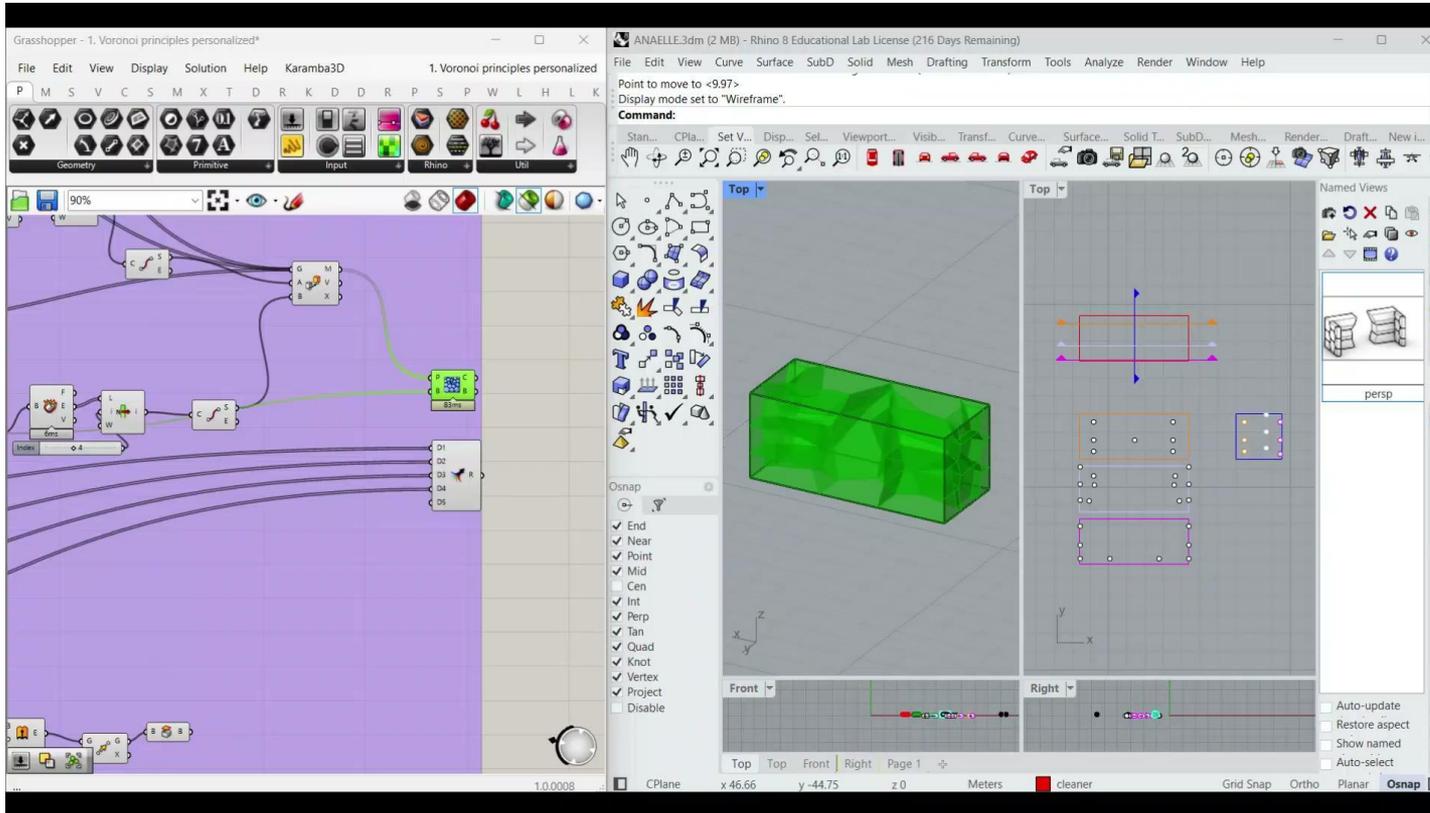
04 Design Process



FROM 2D to 3D voronoi

To make a more controllable 3d voronoi a grasshopperscript was made to locate the points starting from chosen sections

04 Design Process

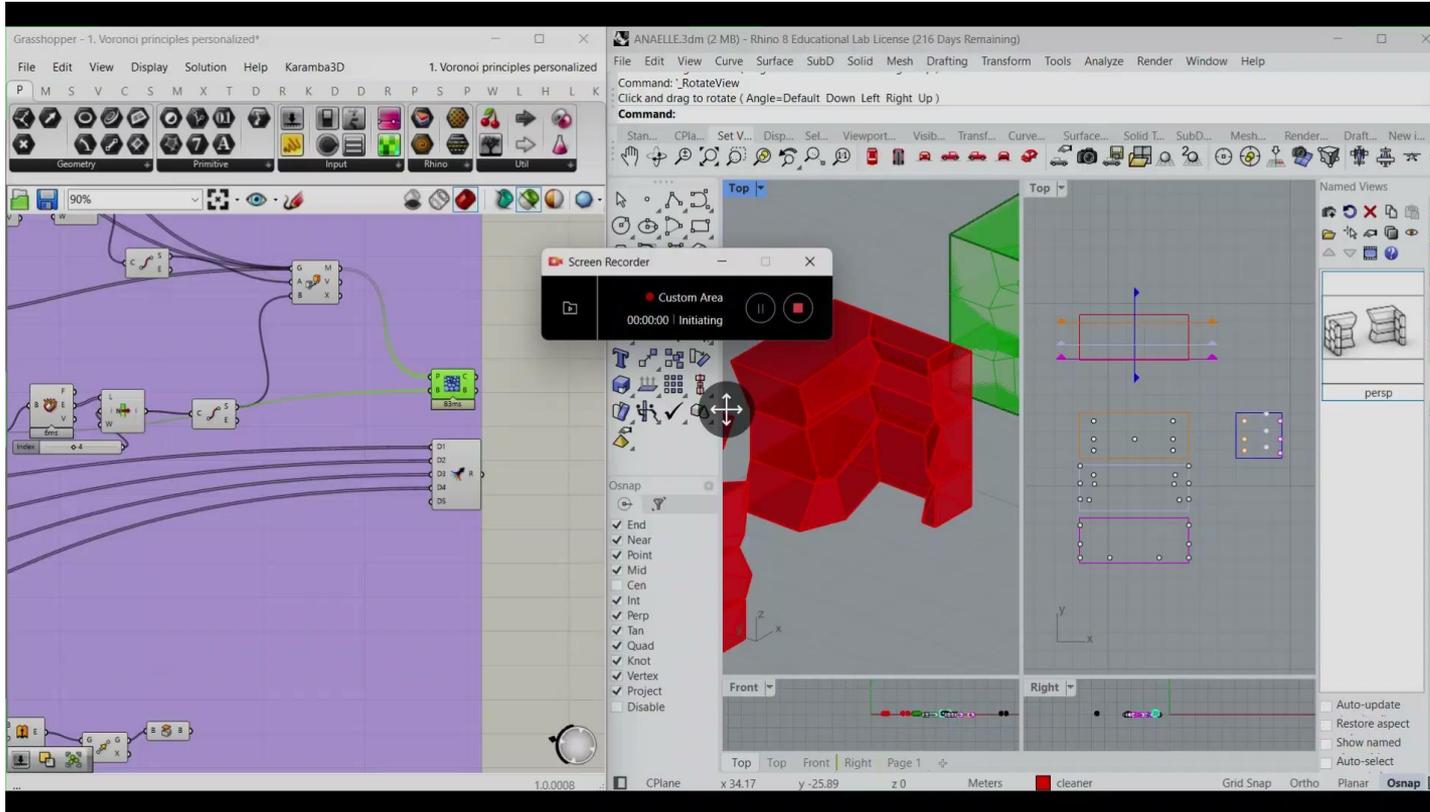


3D voronoi

At the exact section the voronoi will be as drawn in 2D.

But Makes a lot of angles in direction where it is not desirable influencing its folding capacity

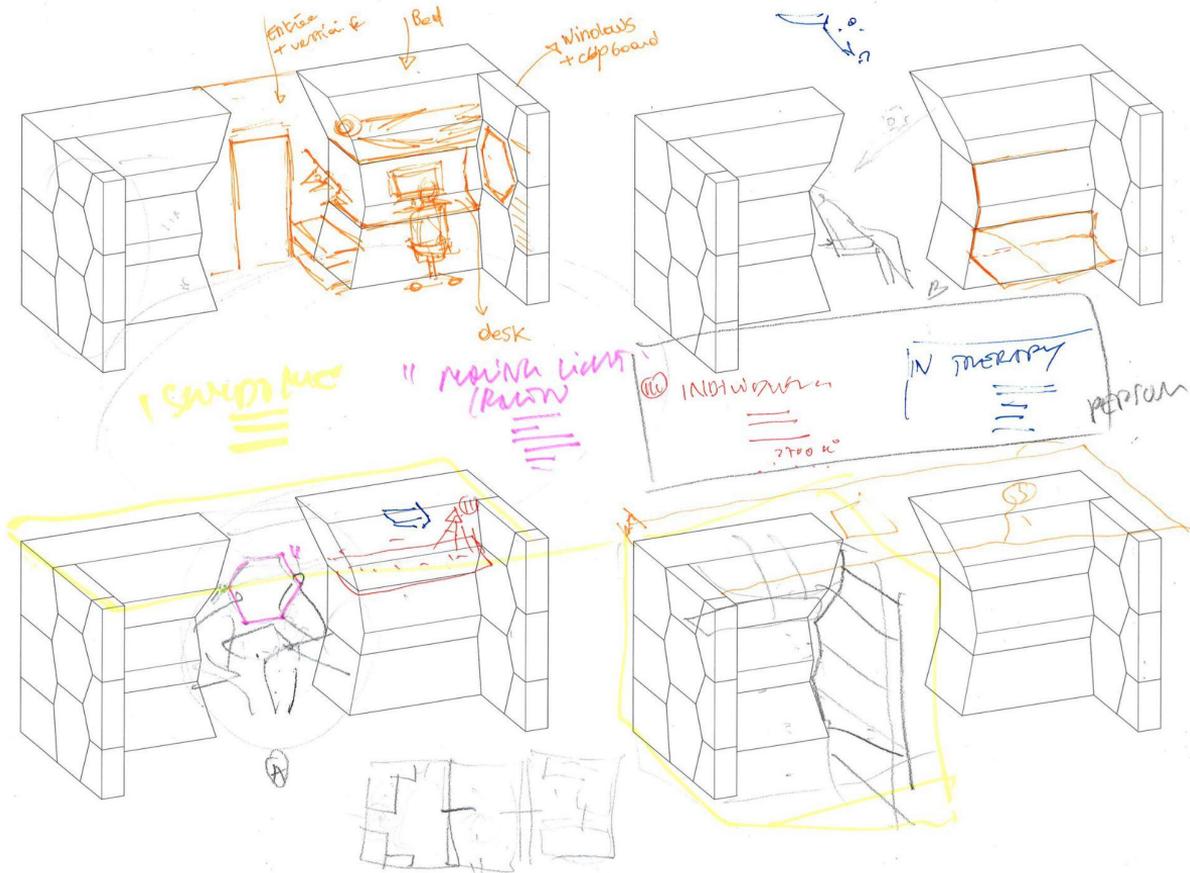
04 Design Process



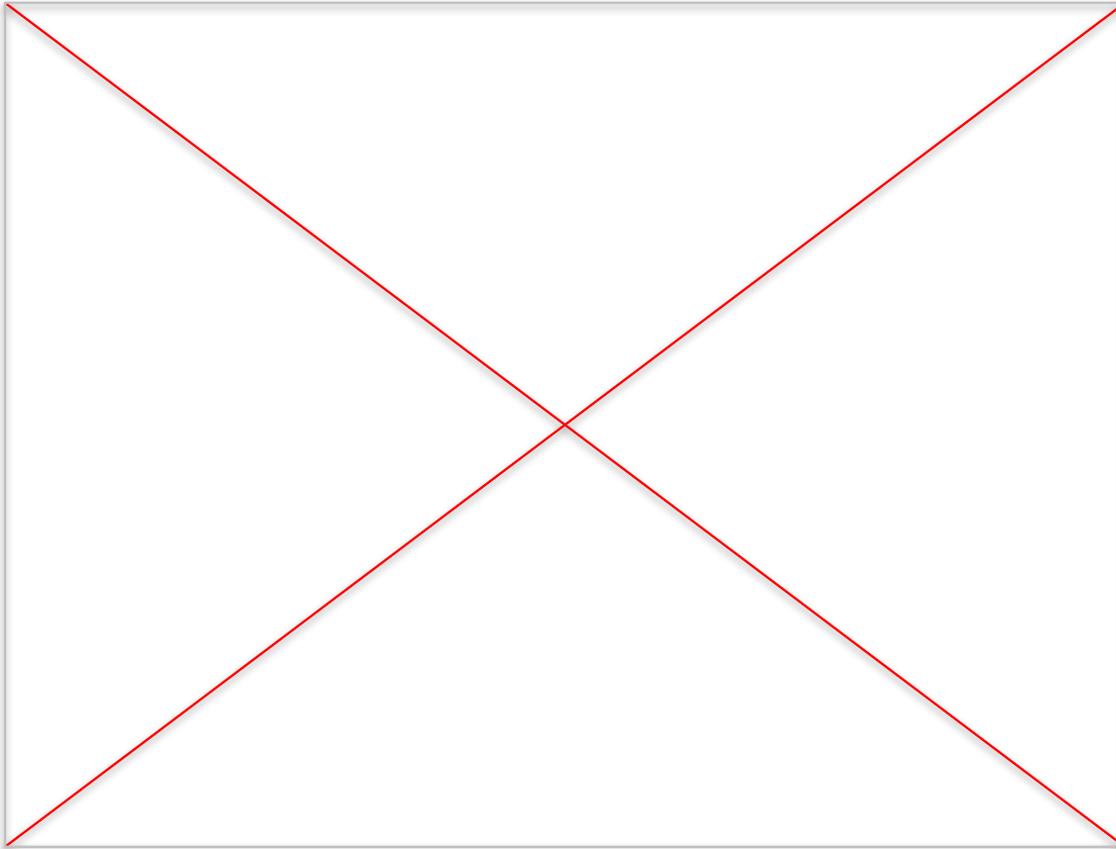
3D voronoi

Use a 2d voronoi that you extrude + 2d voronoi in other direction

04 Design Process



04 Design Process



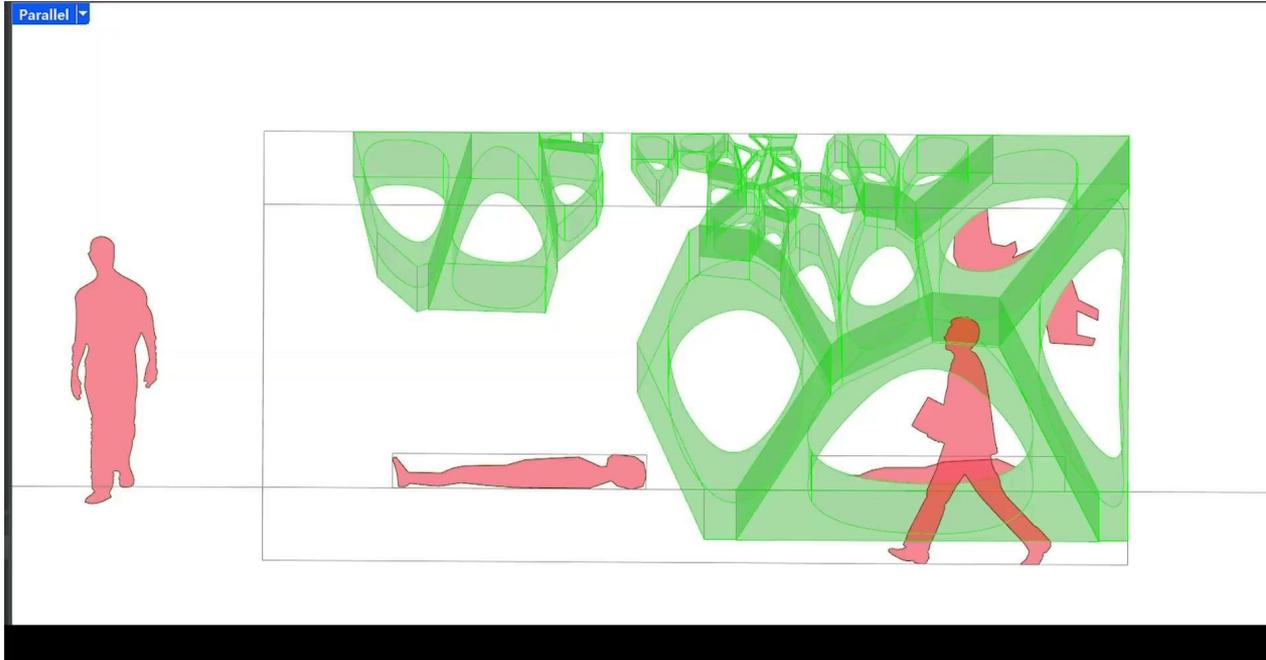
Design study 2

3d Voronoi Volume Optimization

Work Process

- 1 Generate random points in Python
- 2 Form a 3d Voronoi
- 3 Generate Iterative Variation
- 4 Volume analysis through Galapagos (Select three maximum volume cells)
- 5 Bake corresponding masses

04 Design Process



Design study 3

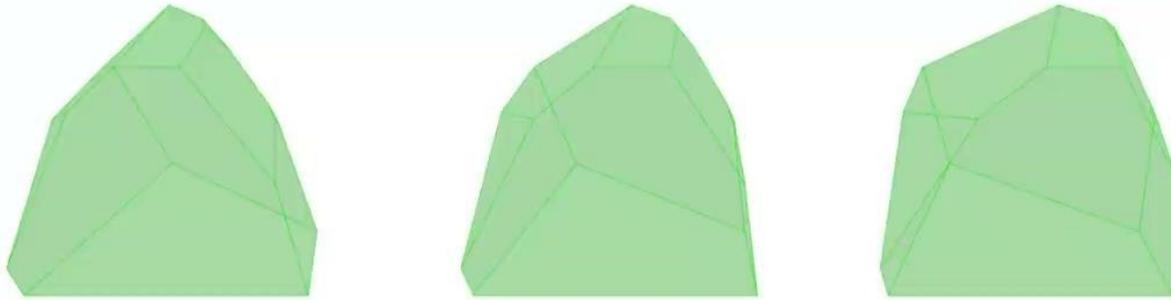
2d Voronoi Volume Optimization

Work Process

- 1 Generate random points in Python
- 2 Form a Mesh – Generate Voronoi form
- 3 Extrude based on area of each cell

04 Design Process

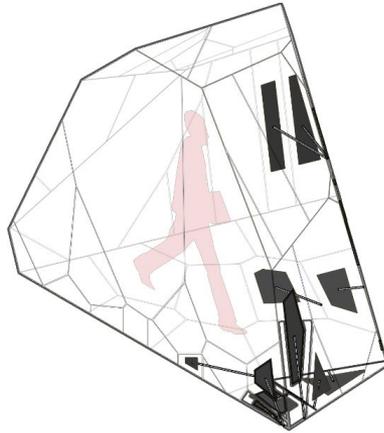
perspective ▾



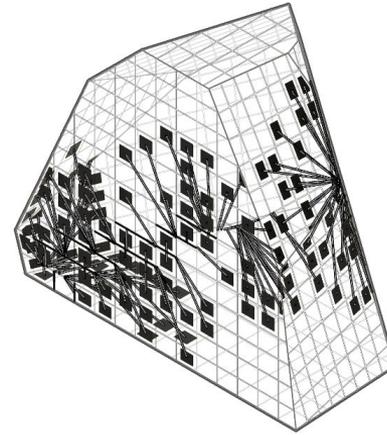
**Light installation study:
Voronoi, Orthogonal, Hexagonal**

04 Design Process

the integration of lighting with the orthogonal vs. Voronoi-based design



Voronoi



Orthogonal

When installing LED strips and cables, a Voronoi-based approach is efficient in terms of wiring configuration and material quantity.